# THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR AND ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1800. [Vol. VII.--No. 1084


## 100 CENTS.

☞ Yesterday compleated the first quarter since the MIRROR has been under the direction of its present Editor.

The countenance of its former friends, and an increase of subscription are highly flattering to him—but something more than good wishes is indispensably necessary. He knows from experience that there are many, who are pointed to the hour, in the payment of a sum of consequence, that neglect so trifling a demand as that of a 100 Cents (the price of a quarter's subscription) which they would not do if they would consider that however small the sum is to them individually, yet in the aggregate, with the printer, it becomes a matter of serious consequence—it being his chief resource, for the discharge of the various and heavy expences he necessarily incurs; for the major part of which he could not reasonably expect credit, and in the article of paper alone (one of the most considerable items in his expences) a short credit is considered a favor.

Subscribers in town will be waited on with their respective Bills—gentlemen in the country will please to forward their quarterage by post or otherwise, for which he will return them a receipt.

*March* 1.

## VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue-Store corner of Prince and Water streets,

A VARIETY OF

**Wet and Dry Goods,**

of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale.

The business of VENDUE MASTER having devolved entirely on the subscriber, he informs the Public, that the Store will always be kept open for the reception of GOODS, and selling such articles therein, between the times of Public Sales, as may be on limitation. He likewise offers his services in transacting any kind of Commission Business,

PHILIP G. MARSTELLER.

THE Subscriber, intending shortly to leave this country, requests all those who are indebted to him to make payment; and those having any demands against him will please to present them for settlement.

HECTOR ALEXANDER.

Dumfries, March 26. 4t

*FOR SALE,*

**A NEGRO WOMAN,** who understands all kinds of house-work, and is an excellent Cook. Enquire of

CATLETT & MEEKS.

March 29.

TO RENT,

**The House in Town, I now** live in, and one Acre of Ground, on Duke Street, well enclosed, with a small House on it. Apply to

BENJAMIN DULANY.

March 29. tf

*Fairfax, ff.* *March Court*, 1800.

Washington Bowie, Plaintiff,
vs.
William B. Magruder, Tho's Lund Washington, Willi. am H. Washington, and John Luke, } Defts. } In Chancery.

THE Defendants, William Burrell Magruder and Thomas Lund Washington, not having entered their appearance and given security, according to the act of Assembly, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth—on the motion of the said Plaintiff, by his Counsel, it is ordered, that the said Defendants do appear here on the first day of June Term next, and answer the bill of the Plaintiff; and that the said Defendants, Washington and Luke, do not pay, convey away, or secrete any of the Debts, Monies, or Effects of the other Defendants, in their hands, until the further order and decree of this Court—And that a Copy of this Order be forthwith inserted in the Newspaper, printed in Alexandria, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court House of the County of Fairfax.

(A Copy)

Test, G. DENEALE, C. F.

JUST RECEIVED

*from Norfolk, and for sale by the subscriber,*

Best Saltpetred Hams,
An assortment of green and blue-edged Queen's Ware
Double Gloucester Cheese,
Best Spanish Segars, just from Havannah
Large China Oranges,
Green Sweet Meats,
Gunder Jellies,
With a variety of FRESH FRUITS.

ASAEL WILLIS.

March 18. tf

*The lately imported, high bred Horse,*

## PUNCH.

WILL cover Mares until the first of August next, at Mr. Rhoads's Little House, City of Washington, at 20 dollars each, and one dollar to the Groom. The money to be paid at the time of covering, or before the mares are taken away.

Punch was bred by Lord Sherbourne, and got by King Herod, which was the sire of the Prince of Wales's Rockingham, and Mr. Tattersall's Highflyer; his dam by old Marsk—Marsk was the sire of the noted horse, Eclipse, and the imported horse, Shark, Pretender, and many others of the best runners in England; so that the blood of Eclipse and Highflyer is centered in Punch, which horses were never beaten. His grand dam by Lord Cullen's Arabian; great grand dam by Regulus, out of Ruth's Black Eyes—Black Eyes was got by Crab, out of the Warlock Galloway. He was purchased by Sir J. Lade, when rising four years old, for 1000 guineas, who named him Punch. When three years old, he run in the name of Lord Sherbourne's Chesnut Colt, which may be seen in the Racing Calendar.

In 1784, when four years old, Punch won a match at New Market of 300 guineas each, beating a colt of Lord Barrington's, and giving 3lb. He won the plate at Lambourn, and another at Gloucester; and afterwards won two matches at New Market. In 1785, he won the plate at Oxford, beating Col. O'Kelley's General, who won the gold cup that year, and Mr. Tomb's Tetrarch. He won the plate at Burford, beating Wilbraham, Mountebank, and General; and the plate at Lambourn, at five heats, beating Copper Bottom and three others. In 1788 he won a sweepstake of 50 guineas each, at Winchester, beating Fortunio, Egham, and several others; and a sweepstake of 50 guineas each, at Stockbridge, beating Sergeant, Miss Kingsland, and several others.

N. B. He won forty two fifty pounds plates, besides matches and sweepstakes, while in possession of Sir John Lade.

☞ Good grass for mares, and every proper attention paid them, but not liable for accidents or escapes; and every attention will be paid to prevent either.

March 24. 3w

I WISH TO RENT FOREVER, about 30 BUILDING LOTS, lying on Prince, Duke and Henry Streets; one 20 feet front some 108, some 88, and some less in depth.

ALEXANDER PERRY.

March 29.

N. B. A Horse and Chair to hire.

## TO LET.

THAT pleasant situated HOUSE and LOT, corner of Duke and Royal Streets, at present occupied by Mr. CHARLES TURNER, whose Lease is out the fifteenth day of next month. Apply to

JANNEY & IRISH.

March 22. tf.

## The Eagle Tavern.

THE subscriber respectfully notices its former customers, and the public generally, that the management of this INN is now under his immediate direction. From inclination and interest he will aim to please—and being provided with a good Stock of Liquors, and every thing else requisite for the convenient and comfortable accommodation of his customers, he flatters himself he will receive proportionate encouragement.

He again requests those who are indebted to William M'Knight, to come forward and settle their respective ballences, in order that he may be enabled to discharge such claims as may be against the same.

CHARLES M'KNIGHT.

March 22.

N. B. The subscriber wishes to Let the STORE and CELLER, on corner of King and Royal Streets, a stand equal to any in this place for Retail business. C. M'K.

## R. T. Hooe & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

From Hamburg, by the schooner Neptune, Capt. Coleman, and

HAVE FOR SALE,

A Quantity of Hessian Linens, Britannias, Platillas and Bagging.

They have likewise on hand a few bales of British Shirtings, Barbadoes Sugar in hhds. and barrels, and a few hhds. of Molasses.

Alexandria, January 25, 1800. tf

## Robert Patten

*HAS FOR SALE,*

Sugar in hogsheads and barrels,
Coffee in bags and casks,
Rum in hogsheads,
And a few Pipes of OLD FRENCH BRANDY, which he will exchange for produce, or sell at a credit of 90 or 120 days.

March 20.

## To Cover at Mount Vernon

THE WELL KNOWN JACK

**KNIGHT of MALTA.**

HE will stand for this Season at Mount Vernon Mills, and will cover Mares at the reduced price of Eight Dollars each—and a half a dollar to the Groom, to be paid before the mares are taken away. The season will commence the 1st day of April, and end the 1st day of August, ensuing.

☞ Good and extensive pasturage gratis—but no responsibility for escapes, or accidents.

JAMES ANDERSON.

March 18, 1800. tf

THE Subscriber will either sell or rent, the HOUSE in which he now lives, on Fairfax Street; the HOUSE on King Street, near Royal Street, adjoining the house now occupied by Mr. Pomery; the HOUSE on King Street, near Washington Street, now occupied by Mr. Hugh Adrain; and the ROOM, where the Dancing School was lately kept by Mr. Lefebre.

He will lease for one or more years, either the whole or part of his Pasture Ground, adjoining the Mall, and extending to Hunting-Creek; and that part of Jones's Point, between Mr. Patterson's house and the Fort.

STEPHEN COOKE.

March 26. tf

## Just Received

*AND FOR SALE BY*

**Josiah Faxon, & Co.**

BOSTON and Rhode-Island Lime, a quantity of Lymington Salt, suitable for the Fisheries; 50 Boxes of Window Glass, of the following sizes, 6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, and 10 by 12; 20 Casks of Malaga Wine; Mould and Dipt Candles; a few Boxes of Chocolate; Gin in Cases; Mackerel and Herrings in Barrels; Loaf Sugar; a quantity of New England Plank, and a general assortment of BOOTS and SHOES as usual, which will be sold on moderate terms.

N. B. A few first quality GRINDSTONES.

March 25. 3wep

☞ NOTICE.

THE County Court of Fairfax is adjourned from the Town of Alexandria to the new Court House, in the centre of the County, where all Suitors, & others having business, are hereby notified to attend, on the third Monday in April next—and the Freeholders of the County of Fairfax are also notified that on the fourth Wednesday in April next and Election will be held at the said new Court House, for one Senator and two Representatives, to serve in the next General Assembly.

WILLIAM DENEALE,
Sheriff of Fairfax.

March 24.

I Will contract for the delivery of any quantity of good White Oak Plank of any thickness, White Oak or Gum Logs—and if wanted, I could have House Framing of any size sawed, either of Oak or Gum. The above articles can be delivered in Alexandria, or at the Head of Dogue Creek.

W. H. FOOTE.

Hayfield, March 26. 3w

IMPORTED,

By the Subscriber, in the ship Perseverance, from Liverpool, via Baltimore, and now opened, at his Store, on King Street, next door to Messrs. Andrew & W'm Ramsay's,

A Neat and extensive assortment of printed calicoes and chintzes, a great variety of furniture calicoes, calico, shirting from 2/8 to 4/4 sterling cost, Scotch and Wilting carpets; with suitable borders, stair carpeting, ladies' fashionable hats and bonnets, gentlemen's fashionable hats, ladies' muffs and tippets, a few pair of elegant looking glasses, elegant japann'd tea trays, tea caddies, &c. plate warmers, mahogany knife cases, with ivory handled knives and forks complete, a few elegant register stoves.

ELEGANT PRINTS,

With burnished gold frames, viz.

Representation of the Battle of the Nile in four different views, portrait of Admiral Nelson, Lord Howe's Victory 1st June, 1794. Sortie of Gibralter during the memorable siege, Death of Major Pierson, &c. &c.

STATIONARY.

Blank books, writing paper, Dutch quills, &c.

GARDEN SEEDS,

Assorted in small boxes, costing about 30s. sterling each. These seeds were put up late in October last, by a Seedsman of reputation in London.

The above goods are offered on very moderate terms, for Cash or Country Produce.

ROBERT PATTON.

March 6.

## For Sale,

The Schooner

**EVELINA,**

Burthen from 7 to 800 barrels, as she arrived from Sea. Inventory to be seen at my Counting House.

ALSO,

**The Craft Patsey,**

As she now lies at Adams' Wharf. The credit will be liberal. Apply to

W. HODGSON.

March 6.

PROPOSALS

FOR PUBLISHING, BY SUBSCRIPTION,

*A MONTHLY MAGAZINE,*

UNDER THE TITLE OF

**THE TOWN & COUNTRY MAGAZINE;**

To contain the Literature, History, Policies, Arts, Manners and Amusements of the Age.

*"Simul et jucunda & idonea dicere vitæ.*

"He is by no means to be accounted useless or idle, who has stored his mind with acquired knowledge, and who can detail it occasionally to others, who have less leisure or weaker abilities." Dr. JOHNSON.

BY WILLIAM BLACK.

The Magazine will be published on the first Monday of every month, by Mr. E. PRICE, Editor of the Columbian Mirror, and delivered free of any expense other than the annual Subscription to the Subscribers in the City.

The Price to Subscribers will be Four Dollars per annum—No money payable before the expiration of the first quarter.

The first number will be published as soon as the Subscriptions are sufficient to defray the expenses.

Subscriptions are received at Mr. Price's Printing-Office.

February 15.

## TO LET.

THE HOUSE and STORE, I now occupy, on Duke Street, near the River, it is a good stand and has a convenient Back Yard.

CHARLES JAMIESON.

March 27.

TO BE LET,

And possession given immediately,

A HOUSE and HALF-ACRE LOT, with a stable and coach-house thereon, situated at the junction of Cameron and Pitt Streets, now in the occupation of Col. Marsteller.

JAMES ANDERSON.

Mount-Vernon, March 10, 1800. tf.

## 25 Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 2nd ult. JOHN KIRBY, an apprentice lad, aged 18 or 19 years, short, thick set fellow, stoops a good deal, dark brown, frizzly hair, has many small freckles on his face; had on a fine blue cloth upper jacket and trousers, narrow red striped waistcoat, felt hat. He is an old offender, this being the third time he has eloped from me, and once at least from a former master, to whom he was bound, in Loudoun County. The above Reward will be given, if taken ten miles from this Town, and all reasonable expences paid, or Four Dollars, if found lurking in Alexandria.

ANDREW JAMIESON.

March 11. 3t

☞ WE WILL GIVE

**CASH for TOBACCO.**

HENRY & THOMAS MOORE,
Commission Merchants, &c.

March 15. 3t

☞ NOTICE.

THE Partnership of SHREVE & LAWRASON by mutual consent dissolved this day—Any persons having claims against that firm are desired to bring them forward for settlement; and those who are indebted to it are desired to make payment to either

BENJAMIN SHREVE, or
JAMES LAWRASON.

Alexandria, December 31, 1799. eptf

Two Apprentices wanted to the printing business

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

## CONGRESS.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, MARCH 24.

Mr. Parker, from the naval committee reported the following resolutions.

Resolved, *by the senate, and house of representatives of the United States, in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be requested to present to captain Thomas Truxton, a golden medal, emblematical of the late action between the United States frigate Constellation of 38 guns, and a French ship of war La Vengeance of 54 guns, in testimony of the high sense entertained by congress, of his gallantry and good conduct in the above engagement, wherein an example was exhibited by the captain, officers, sailors, and marines, honourable to the American name, and instructive to its navy.*

Resolved, *That the conduct of James Jervis, a midshipman in said frigate, who gloriously preferred certain death to an abandonment of his post, is deserving of the highest praise; and that the loss of so promising an officer is a subject of national regret.*

The house proceeded to the consideration of these resolutions, the first of which was under consideration.

Mr. Randolph said that inasmuch as he could not give his assent to these resolutions he felt himself impressed with the propriety of stating the reasons which would govern his vote.

It was not with any intention to detract from the deserved reputation which had been so nobly earned by the captain, officers and crew of the Constellation; still less to withhold the well earned applause due to that gallant youth who had sacrificed his life in the preservation of his duty. [It was to the first of the resolutions only that he should deny his concurrence.]—He should do this unless the gentleman of the naval committee would shew to him that it was the duty of the commander of the Constellation to persist in the *chase* and *compel to action* a ship of such superior force. This conduct was in his opinion *rash*, and when the situation of the United States and France was taken into consideration it was peculiarly unadviseable.—Our commissioners were at that time in the capital of that country negociating *peace*. How did the pursuit of this ship—the forcing her into an action, which ended in the *crippling of both vessels*, comport with that protection which was to be afforded to our commerce by the Constellation?

Mr. R. said that his duty obliged him to act upon his own opinion, and however singular it might appear, he should vote against the first resolution unless the gentleman who brought forward the resolution would make it appear that it was the duty of captain Truxton to *compel* the Vengeance to come to action when he knew her to be of such superior force.—The second resolution met his most hearty approbation.

Mr. Parker said, what the present state of things between the two countries might be in the opinion of his colleague, he could not say, but Mr. P. conceived it was no other than it was at the time congress passed a bill which prescribed the conduct of our naval commanders; in that bill they were authorised to take or destroy all French armed vessels; under these orders captain Truxton left this country, and in obedience to instructions to that effect he pursued and engaged this vessel, which though of superior force, he had beaten; had he had not attacked her, it was most probably she would have proceeded against our commerce. The law having been passed by congress, if the president of the United States had not given orders conformable thereto, he would have been subject to impeachment, he therefore presumed it to be his duty; and most certainly such orders being given to the commanders, they were bound to conform to them. Mr. P. thought that this and greater approbation ought to be expressed by congress for conduct so brave and unprecedented; in some countries monument. have been raised, but this was unnecessary, though merited—our naval exertions were very recent and confined, but an instance of extraordinary valor having occurred, it ought to be honorably and suitably noticed.

Mr. Nicholas said, however he might agree with his colleague (Mr. Randolph,) in a desire that no conduct should be encouraged that would tend to aggravate France in the present situation of things, he could not agree with him in his present sentiment while we were in a state of actual, though not of declared war. Mr. N. thought it was naturally to be expected that our commanders would act in their complete military character, when our ships were arrayed for battle, and power given to our commanders to act up to the full rigor which the laws of honor and of war would warrant. In the conduct of the captain as well as the crew, Mr. N. said, he saw nothing but what was extremely laudable, and highly meriting approbation.

Mr. Lyon said he voted for the equipment of these ships, but he did it only that they might render protection to our commerce, and not with a view of sending them to attack vessels of superior force by which they would be disabled from affording what the very object provided. He believed this officer had gone out of his destination, and acted beyond his orders, except some private orders had given him this encouragement.

Mr. J. Brown would vote for this resolution for the very reason which some gentlemen talked of voting against it, he tho't the very act of chasing a ship of superior force and forcing her to an action which had been attended with success, was a commendable action, this to him would be the only inducement of paying so high a mark of national respect. If it had been an attack upon a vessel of inferior force, he should not think it worth notice. The objection was partly on account of the French ship being of superior force; surely this would rather be a reason why we should have vessels of greater force than we have now, therefore he hoped the worthy member would suffer that brave officer to go to sea next time with a 74 gun ship under his command, when he would doubtless bring the enemy to a good account.

The yeas and nays were called on this resolution and carried—Yeas 87—Nays 4.

Those who voted in the negative are Messrs. Jackson, Lyon, Randolph, and Sumpter.

The other resolution was adopted UNANIMOUSLY.

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In Senate, (March 25,)—The following report was made by the Committee of Privileges, viz.

The Committee of Privileges, who were ordered to prepare and lay before the Senate, a form of proceedings in the case of William Duane,

REPORT (IN PART)

The following resolutions:—

1st, Resolved, That all testimony shall be taken by a Committee, to be authorised by the Senate for that purpose, with powers to send for persons, papers and records, and compel the attendance of witnesses, which may become requisite for the execution of their commission.

2d, Resolved, That William Duane on application to the chairman of said committee, shall be furnished with process, to call before said committee his witnesses, specifying the time and place of taking the testimony, which shall be committed to writing and subscribed by the witnesses respectively.

3d, Resolved, That said Committee shall procure all testimony against said Duane, which in their opinion may be proper; notifying said Duane, who may attend by himself or attorney; to hear and cross examine; which testimony shall be in writing and subscribed by the witnesses respectively.

4th, Resolved, That all testimony taken by said Committee, shall be reported to the Senate, and kept on file by the Secretary.

5th, Resolved, That
be the Committee to perform the services mentioned in the foregoing resolutions, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to send for persons, papers and records, and to compel the attendance of witnesses, which may become requisite for the execution of their commission.

THIS DAY.

The discussion of the above report was resumed. The 1st resolution was warmly opposed; and no decision thereon had been taken when our paper was put to press.

A letter was received and read by the Vice President, signed by William Duane, informing the Senate that he should be unable to attend this day at their bar.—The crowd being so immense, we could not learn upon what ground this indecorum is founded—We understand, however, that the *gentleman* HAS LEFT THE CITY!

Mr. Dayton offered a resolution, to the following effect:

Whereas William Duane has appeared at the bar of the Senate, in relation to the notification of the 24th inst. and having presented to the Senate a letter read this morning, stating his intention of not appearing.

*Resolved*, That the said letter be referred to the Committee of Privileges, to report thereon.

The Senate being equally divided on this question, it was decided in the affirmative by the casting vote of the Vice President.

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FROM THE PHILADELPHIA GAZETTE.

Messrs. Brown & Relf,

By inserting the following concise account of the generosity and liberality of some seamen of the port of Philadelphia, you will oblige

A FRIEND TO HUMANITY.

A few days ago a seaman named Robert Gage, was attacked with a dangerous complaint, which terminated in his death. At the time of his illness he was altogether unprovided with comforts or necessaries suitable to his condition, or the means by which he could procure them. A wife and two helpless children could give nothing to a husband and parent, sinking under disease and misery, but unavailing tears. Another seaman named John Waters, having accidentally acquired a knowledge of the situation of this distressed family, called together his shipmates and tea-taring friends, and in plain, but moving language, told the piteous tale of woe. Never counting the cost when a brother is in distress, the kind hearted seamen immediately dispensed relief, and the honest Waters had the heart felt satisfaction of conveying near eighty dollars to the house of wretchedness. The tidings of this unexpected munificence threw a gleam around the setting life of poor Gage, and the agonies of death were much alleviated by the reflection that his benefactors had provided a fund for his wife and children, and would doubtless be their guardians when he was no more. Gage died in sweet peace with himself & the world—and his funeral rites were performed by those generous tars, who also took upon themselves the expence of his interment.—The above tale requires no comment.

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## From Europe.

NORFOLK, MARCH 25.

*By a vessel in six days from Nassau, N. P. we were favoured with a paper, from which the following is taken:*

NASSAU, MARCH 11.

By the arrival on Saturday last, of the brig Pallas, capt. Patterson, from Greenock and Cork (the last mentioned port she left on the 15th January) we have been favoured with papers as late as the 9th of that month.—From them we have extracted the following important intelligence:

*Cork, January 9.*

The report in circulation in London:—for in the absence of better authenticated intelligence even reports are not to be neglected—is, that Ministers are resolved on another continental expedition, to assist the royalists in the Western provinces of France. Mr. Pitt is said to have had a conference with Monsieur, respecting the best means of supporting the Chouan insurrection, by sending over immediately the most approved Emigrant officers, and afterwards making a descent. British and Russian troops are to be employed, but under the command of a Russian general, and some say Suwarrow. Sir Charles Grey, and Lord Moira, are both mentioned as the English generals in chief. The troops destined for Ireland are said to be countermanded, and the brigades, lately formed on the Dutch expedition, are quartered near each other, to be ready for embarkation at the shortest notice. Of a similar complexion with these rumours, for they really amount to very little more, is that which makes Buonaparte harbour the sanguinary idea of giving up the estates, and property of the Chouans to the soldiers and others, who shall seize on, and massacre these unfortunate men; unless in 10 days they deliver up their arms, and the stores with which we have supplied them. We will not so far disgrace human nature as to attribute, for a moment, so atrocious a conception even to Buonaparte.

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The Ligurian republic has also had its 18th Brumaire. The legislature has declared that there is no longer any directory, and has appointed three consuls, who are directed to establish a government on the model of that which France has just adopted. The revival of the late revolution has been received with enthusiasm at Madrid. The King expressed his particular satisfaction to our ambassador.

Paris paper.

PARIS, DECEMBER 24.

*Legislative committion of the council of five hundred, of 3 Nivose, Dec. 24.*

Berenger made a report on putting the constitution into activity. After this report the commissioners entered into the following resolutions:

Art. I. The conservative senate and the consuls shall enter upon their functions on the 6th of Nivose, December 25, year 8.

II. As the moment when the conservative senate shall communicate to the commissions, the nomination of the members of the tribunes and legislative body of the council of elders, and those of the council of five hundred, and of commissions, shall be dissolved.

III. The commissions of the inspectors of the five hundred, and of the elders, shall nevertheless continue their functions of responsibility until the respective accounts of the councils and commissions shall be balanced.

IV. The members of the constituted authorities at present in activity, shall also continue their functions till the installation of the corresponding authorities.

V. The present guard of the legislative body is placed at the disposition of the consuls.

VI. The consuls shall furnish to the conservative senate, the legislative body, and the tribunate, a guard of honor.

VII. The national edifices hereafter named, are assigned to the different constituted authorities.

1. The Luxembourg to the conservative senate.

2. The Thuilleries to the consuls.

3. The palace of the five hundred to the legislative body.

VIII. The correspondence between the first authorities shall take place according to the mode at present in use between the legislative and executive powers.

IX. The conservative senate, the consuls, the legislative body, and the tribunate, shall have messengers of state, and serjeants, who shall discharge the same functions as those who attended the councils of the directory.

X. The legislative body and the tribunate shall each have two secretaries.

XI. The conservative senate shall determine its costume and that of his messengers, and serjeants.

XII. The consuls shall determine their costume, that of the ministers, counsellors of state, and their messengers and serjeants.

XIII. The costume of the members of the legislative body shall consist of a close dress of national blue, lined with cloth of the same color, collars, &c. embroidered with gold, tri colored girdle with gold fringes, French hat with gold acorns.

XIV. The costume of the tribunes shall consist of a close dress of light blue, lining of the same color, collar, &c. embroidered with silver, French hat with silver acorns.

XV. The dresses of the legislative body and tribunate shall be of velvet during the winter, and of silk during summer.

XVI. The secretaries of the legislative body and tribunate shall wear a close dress of black cloth.

XVII. The costume of the messengers of the legislative body, shall consist of a cloth coat of national blue, light blue girdle, fringed with silk of the same colour; that of the serjeants of the legislative body and tribunate shall consist of a coat of grey cloth, red girdle, with worsted fringes of the same color.

XVIII. The other public functionaries shall continue to wear that costume decreed by the existing laws.

XIX. The expence of the costume shall be charged to each of the members of the constituted authorities.

L. Buonaparte, after a report, caused the following resolution to be adopted:

No individual condemned to deportation, without previous sentence by the legislative act, can return to the territories of the republic under pain of being considered as an emigrant, unless authorized by an express permission from government, subjecting him to such a mode of being watched over as it may think convenient.

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ANCONA, DECEMBER 3.

The Chouans extended from the left bank of the Loire to the left bank of the Seine. They form a line which covers a part of Lower Normandy. Upon the left bank of the Loire they are commanded by M. Autichamp and M. Suffrai. In Anjou by M. D'Autichamp. In the Maine by M. D. B[illegible], in Normandy by

M. De Frotte. Britanny forms several divisions under different commanders.—M. De Chatillon commands from Nantz on the right of the Loire to the Morbain. The Morbain is under the command of Gen. George. In the centre of Normandy M. De Grisolles commands—and the part which borders on Normandy is subjected to Gen. Monier. In this situation the Chouans form two lines, the foremost of which is most extended, and has it right in Poiton, its left in Normandy, and presents a segment of an irregular circle, the circumference of which approaches more or less the provinces which surround Paris. The second is more concentrated, and occupies the space between the Loire and the Marche.

These divisions, though commanded by chiefs in some degree independent, maintain a close communication with one another, and act upon an uniform and concerted plan. They have adopted this system of moveable columns, which permits them to depart from different points in small platoons, so as to arrive at the same time, and by different roads, at the place fixed upon; and when they have attained their object, or when they have reason to fear a superior force, they retire in the same manner and disappear, every one going to resume his usual employments, so as again to collect on the first signal. The most perfect subordination prevails in these little armies, in which the breaches of military discipline are punished as in regularly trained forces. When the signal for assembling is given, every soldier carries with him his arms and a loaf, the villages through which they pass are forewarned, and have such a quantity of provisions in readiness as is proportioned to the number who must follow such and such a road.

## Alexandria, April 1.

The United States frigate, Constellation commodore Truxton, arrived in Hampton Roads, last Tuesday.

Arrived here on Sunday evening, the armed British schooner Laurel, Captain Balden, from St. Kitt's—no news.

Sailed on Sunday, the schooner Neptune, Capt. Coleman, for New York.

By a letter to a gentleman in this town, we learn that, Capt. Delano, of the ship William and Jane, of Wiscasset, arrived at Barbados the 27th Jan. Capt. D. requests it to be made known by the printers of the United States.

### COMMUNICATION.

In the Times of the 29th of this month is the following publication:

"*Samuel Sitgraves has sailed for London, as a special agent, to explain the causes of difference, between the commissioners acting under the sixth article of the British treaty.*

"*Mr. Sitgraves was some time ago appointed, in conjunction with* Timothy Pickering and Oliver Wolcott, *commissioners, to adjust certain matters, between the state of Georgia and the United States. In consequence of Mr. Sitgraves' removal to England, Charles Lee, attorney general of the United States, has been appointed to that duty. The* cream *of this information is, that the commissioners are entitled to* eight dollars a day; *but, who that knows the disinterestedness and patriotism of those* 3 *gentlemen, can suspect that they will receive this money, in addition to their official salaries; none, surely can believe it but a hardened and incurable* democrat!

[*N. Y. Gen. of Lib.*"]

That part of the above publication which asserts that Mr. Pickering, Mr. Wolcott and Mr. Lee are to receive Eight Dollars per day for their services as Commissioners, is an *absolute falsehood*, originally fabricated by the Editor of the Aurora—That it is false can be very satisfactorily proved, when occasion requires.

As the Times have given currency to the above publication, it is expected that the Editors will not hesitate to publish this contradiction, more especially as they profess to be impartial Printers.

March 31, 1800.

*From the New-York Magazine.*

The Connecticut Academy are endeavouring to collect and preserve, for publication, a regular series of facts, respecting the following phenomena: the variations of the thermometer and barometer; extraordinary changes of weather, and storms of all kinds; state of the seasons; unusual tides; celestial appearances; earthquakes; unusual numbers of insects; commencement, progress, and termination of epidemic diseases among men and other animals; and other remarkable physical phenomena—noting, in all cases, the precise time when any extraordinary occurrence begins and ends: that, for this purpose, a register be kept, in which shall be entered every day in the year with a large blank.

A fourth number of the transactions of the New-York Society for promoting Agriculture, Arts, and manufactures, has just been published at Albany.

The varieties of maize, or Indian corn, are very numerous. Its vegitative powers are found to be admirably adapted to the distant climates of Nova Scotia and the Carolinas, on the American continent. Farmers are not agreed which variety of the grain is most productive. Each soil and latitude undoubtedly has its particular and preferable sort of maize. We mention, however, for the information of our readers, a kind of Indian corn which grew last season on Manhattan Island, at Haerlem. The ear contained Sixteen Rows of grains. These were well ripend, of a middling size, and of a very firm structure.—Not a row contained less than Fifty Grains. So that the product of a single ear of maize was more than Eight Hundred Grains. It is submitted to the consideration of farmers, whether the whole cultivation of this variety would not answer an important purpose in husbandry.

A steelyard has been invented by Mr. Benjamin Dearborn, of Massachusetts, in which the centre of motion, centre of gravity, and points of suspension, are so adjusted, that the beam vibrates like a scale beam, when loaded with weights in equilibrium, and when unloaded. He has obtained a patent for his invention, under the title of the "vibrating steelyard." Besides the advantages of the common steelyard, Mr. D's instrument possesses the property of being strictly accurate; it has but two hooks; never requires to be reversed, has the poises adjusted to certain weights which may be sealed like other weights; gives, by inspection, both neat and gross hundreds; and may be purchased at a moderate price.—Such an improvement in determining the weight of articles bought and sold, ought to attract the notice of house-keepers and dealers of every description, as it is said to possess great advantages for weighing with ease, dispatch and certainty.

The new Constitution of France is like a huge head *sans* shoulders; the powers vested in the prime consul are equal if not superior to those entrusted with a *king*; all appointments, civil and military, flow from him; and he has only to propose a law in order to its passing. Great, indeed, must be the virtue and integrity of that man, who, with such unbounded authority, can tread with unerring step, in the rugged path of justice, and with steady hand direct the helm of state, amid the storms of foreign war, and the blasts of internal disaffection. This new order of things may conciliate in some measure the rebellious spirit of the royalists, but lurks there not in France a numerous party, fraught with the spirit of *Jacobinism*, which will leave no method untried to overthrow the fabric reared by *Buonaparte, Sieyes*, and *Roger Ducos*? The former constitution was thought to have been well established; the people had become accustomed to it, and generally appeared satisfied; when, lo, the popularity of one man was able in a day to overthrow it, and establish on its ruins a hideous *aristocracy*; well might lord Grenville say, that it was necessary for his Britannic majesty to receive more substantial evidence of the stability of the present *regime* of France, (than the mere professions of the first magistrate,) previous to entering into negociation. A knowledge of one thing, however we gain from the pacific overtures of Buonaparte, namely; that he is aware whilst war continues to convulse France, her government is liable to changes—and what is of more importance to the Dictator, that he is subject in his turn, to be hurled from the seat of power, and experience the fate of *Carnot, Barthelemi, &c. &c.*

[*Balt. Telegraphe.*]

BOSTON, MARCH 19.

On Monday last, the workmen began to break ground, preparatory to commencing a new *Roman Catholic Church*, near the Federal-street Theatre, in this town. The Spanish Consul assisted in the ceremonies.

PHILADELPHIA, MARCH 27.

The Senate (March 27,) agreed to the resolutions adopted by the House of Representatives: The bill for presenting captain Truxton with a golden medal, emblematical of his late gallant action—the bill expressive of national regret for the untimely death of the brave young midshipman James Jarvis.

The Committee of Privileges reported two resolutions, the first declaring that as William Duane, in contempt of the Senate, has refused to attend at their bar, pursuant to notification, the Serjeant at arms be empowered by a warrant signed by the Vice-President, to take the body of the said Duane into custody, and him safe to keep for the further order of the Senate—The second contained the form of warrant to be issued by the Vice-President.

The question on the first resolution was decided in the affirmative—yeas 16, nays 11.

Mr. Mason objected to the form of the warrant, on account of its requiring all marshalls, deputy marshalls, civil, of the United States, and all other persons, to be aiding and assisting in the said seizure.—The question thereon was not taken when this paper was put to press.

Intelligence is received in this city from the American Consul at Surrinam, that a vessel has arrived there from Lisbon, bringing certain accounts—that the frigate United States, Commodore Barry, with the American Commissioners on board, had sailed from Lisbon for some port in France, and that the two Secretaries to the Embassy had proceeded by land for Paris.

The intelligence respecting the sailing of our Envoys from Lisbon for some port in France, is stated upon the authority of a letter received by the Secretary of State.


## Public Sale.

THIS DAY,

*At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store.*

SUGAR in hogsheads tierces and barrels for Cash and Credit
Molasses in hhds. and barrels
2 Hhds. 3d proof old Antigua Rum
1 Pipe 4th proof Holland Gin
Spirits in barrels
Whiskey in tierces & barrels
Fresh quality Green Coffee in bags
Soap and Candles in boxes
Raisins in casks, &c.
Together with
*A general assortment of* DRY GOODS;

Particulars of which will be made known previous to the sale.

Likewise several packages of

**Smoaking Tobacco,**

Made up in papers,
And one

**Box of hard Pomatum.**

P. G. MARSTELLER.

April 1.

## Sales at Auction.

TO-MORROW

*at 10 o'clock will be sold at our Auction Room,*

A General Assortment of

**Wet and Dry Goods.**

HEWES & MILLER.

April 1.

*On 5th day next, 3d April, will positively be sold at the Coffee house, at 12 o'clock.*

**A LOT OF GROUND,**

Containing about 12 acres, within 2¼ miles of Alexandria, and adjoining the country seat of Francis Peyton, Esq. An indisputable title will be given.

Also a Share in the Georgetown Bridge Company.

HEWES & MILLER.

April 1.

TO BE SOLD OR RENTED,

A Framed HOUSE and Half an Acre of GROUND, situated on the West end of the Stone Bridge, near Alexandria. The House is two stories high, and has a good Kitchen adjoining.

For terms apply to Mr. Hanson Thomas, or Mr. John Bowling, near the premises.

April 1. 3t

**John Duffey,**

AT HIS COMB MANUFACTORY,
Fairfax-Street,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
A large Quantity of

**WHIPS;**

Also, a variety of

**Sword and other Canes.**

He has on Hand
A general assortment of Horn, Ivory and Tortoise Shell Combs.

The whole of the above articles will be sold at the most reduced prices.

April 1.


☞ IMPARTIAL, *alias*, A FEDERAL REPUBLICAN, shall have a place in Thursday's Mirror.


THE CELEBRATED RUNNING HORSE

## MUFTI,

*Imported last August by John Taylor, Esq. of Mount Airy,*

**Is certainly from the best**

stock in England, as will appear from Mr. Taylor's certificate below. He is a fine bay, full fifteen hands and one inch high, of great strength and activity, finely formed, and uncommonly handsome. From great performances as a racer, &c. and after the first of his get appeared on the turf, he covered at Woburn, in England, at Ten Guineas a mare, and Half a Guinea to the Groom; of which I am possessed of documents that will not be doubted.

Mufti will stand at this place to cover Mares from the date hereof until the tenth of August next, at Twelve Dollars the Leap, or Twenty Five Dollars the Season, with a Dollar to the Groom, in every instance, which must be paid in hand. No mare is to be considered as going by the leap, unless the money is paid on the day of covering. A legal note for twenty-five dollars must be sent with each mare that is put by the season, payable the 20th of August next; except those that remain at pasture, and for them payment will be expected before they are removed. If twenty dollars are paid by the last of July, it will be received in full for the season of a mare, grooms fee excepted.

I shall have a large quantity of excellent pasture, both high and low ground, well enclosed, at Forty Cents per week, for mares brought ten miles or upwards; and every attention will be paid to mares left in my care, but no responsibility for losses or casualties of any kind. The mares may be fed on application, the grain provided at the market price, and gentlemen's servants attending their mares boarded on moderate terms.

SAMUEL LOVE.

Salisbury, March 18, 1800.

*Pedigree and performances of the beautiful Horse Mufti, lately purchased from the Stud of his Grace the Duke of Bedford.*

He was bred by Mr. Mann, of Norwich, and was got by Fitzherod, one of the best sons of King Herod; his dam by Infant, son of the Godolphin Arabian; grand dam by Whittington, out of the full sister to Black-and-all-Black.

In 1780, when three years old, and the property of his royal highness the Prince of Wales (who purchased him of Major Churchill) Mufti won a match of 100 Guineas each, at New-Market, beating Mr. Wyndham's Prodigal, Rowley's mile. The following meeting he ran a dead heat with Sir C. Burbury's Young Tityrus, 8st. each, Abington mile, for 200 Guineas each. Young Tityrus won the plate of three years, two days afterwards, when eleven started.

In 1787, when the property of Richard Vernon, Esq. he received 100 guineas compromise from Lord Derby's Wren, 8st. each, Ditch in, 200 guineas—At 8st. 7lb. he beat the Duke of Queensberry's Young Giant, 7st. 13lb. two miles, for 400 guineas—and received 37 guineas compromise from Mr. Fox's Braganza.

In 1788 Mufti won the Craven Stakes at New-Market, when twelve started, beating Scota, Nimble, &c.—won a Sweepstake of 300 guineas each, across the Flat, beating Fidget, and receiving forfeit from Pharamond. He also received forfeit from Mr. Fox's Braganza, giving 3lb. D. I. for 200 guineas, half-ft and was afterwards purchased by his Grace the Duke of Bedford.

In 1789 Mufti did not appear in public, being his Grace's Trial Horse.

In 1790 Mufti won all his engagements, viz. a match against Lord Bangmore's Highlander, for 100 guineas; a handsome sweepstake of 50 guineas each (7 subscribers) D. I. beating Magpie, Seagull, &c.—and a match, beating Don Quixotte, across the Flat, for 200 each; all at New-Market.

In 1791 he won the Craven Stakes at New-Market, when 15 started; amongst which were Crupper, Don Quixotte, Harpalor, &c.—At 9st. 1½lb. he beat the Prince of Wales's Glances, 7st. 4lb. across the Flat, for 200 guineas each—At 8st. 7lb. each, he beat the Prince of Wales's Pegasus, a match for 1000 guineas each across the Flat.

In 1792 Mufti came in second for the Craven Stakes, beating Asparagus, Coriander and 7 others—and at 8st. 7lb. beat his royal highness the Duke of York's Serpent—8st. a match over the Beacon Course, for 100 guineas each. This was the last year of his running, after which he became a stallion, at Woburn; and in 1796, the first of his get that started won a sweepstake of 100 guineas each, at New-Market, when six started, and one paid forfeit.—The same Colt won several times in the following year.

Mufti is 15 hands and one inch high, and both in and out of training, was esteemed one of the most beautiful horses in England.

I do certify the above to be a true copy of the Pedigree and Performances of Mufti, as sent me by Mr. Weatherby (author of the Racing Calender, and Match-Book Keeper, at New-Market) who purchased the Horse

JOHN TA[illegible]

## Joshua Riddle

Respectfully informs the Public that
HE HAS JUST RECEIVED,
From Boston,

## A Variety of SHOES.

Which, added to his former supply, makes his assortment in that line very complete.

*He has on Hand*

A choice collection of fresh Teas of every kind, sugar, coffee, chocolate, pepper, allspice, ginger, nutmegs, &c. together with

A neat assortment of Dry Goods,

American & London Seine Twine, &c.

The whole of which he is determined to sell on very moderate terms, for ready payment only.

Those indebted to him are earnestly solicited to call and settle their respective balances.

February 27. tf

## GARDEN SEEDS,

JUST IMPORTED AND FOR SALE BY
JAMES KENNEDY, Jun.

Marrowfat Pease, Early do. Dwarf Prussian do. Early Beans, Cress, Red Beet, Short top Radish, Turnip do. Salmon do. Orange Carrot, Deptford Onion, Spinage, Scotch Leek, Broad leav'd Endive, Curled do Green Savoy, Brussels Sprouts, Curled Parsley, Cos Lettuce, Cabbage do. Brown Dutch do. Long Cucumber, Solid Celery, Yellow Turnip, Scotch do. large Scotch do. Mustard, Rock Melon.

The above seeds were put up last October, by one of the first Seedsman in London.

He has also for Sale,

A quantity of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs, paints, &c.

He has removed his shop from Fairfax Street, between Fairfax and Water Streets.

## NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to the Estate of ANDREW WALES, deceased, will please to call and pay the amount to the Executors; and any that have accounts against the said estate will please present them, legally proved, that the business may be brought to a close as soon as possible.

THO'S VOWELL, jun. } Ex'rs.
JOHN BOYER, }

February 8. 3m

## Fifty Dollars Reward

FOR the delivery of BEN, a Negro Man, the property of Ben. D. Wills, to the Subscriber. Ben, I suppose, calls himself Jeffery, as he obtained a certificate from a Negro who was emancipated by —— Mayo, of Cumberland County, Virginia, of that name. Ben eloped in the Fall of 1797, and went on towards Fredericksburg. It is very probable he is about Alexandria, the Federal City, or Baltimore. He is of the following description, viz. tolerably dark, flat nose, thick lips, knock-kneed, small legs, about 5 feet 7 inches high, carries himself crooked in the shoulders, and throws his feet a little out when he moves, yet he is strong, active and very arch indeed. He no doubt calls himself a freeman, and if taken will get off if possible. I am told the certificate is on parchment, but am not certain. The above reward will be given for his delivery to me, or Twenty Dollars, if secured in any jail in Virginia, and information duly given me of it.

JOHN WILLS,
Flavanna County, Virginia.

March 5, 1800. 9t

## WOOD
WILL BE DELIVERED,
AT
*Pamonky Landing*,
About 12 miles below Alexandria,

To any person who may wish to purchase any number of Cords, on the cheapest Terms. Apply to the Printer hereof.

## Commission Warehouse.

THE subscribers having opened a Ware House on King Street, near the Washington Tavern, offer their services to their friends, and the public in general, in the line of Commission Merchants and Brokers. They will receive consignments of vessels and cargoes from any port in the United States or elsewhere, and procure freights for vessels. Also buy and sell lands, houses and lots; bills of exchange, negotiable paper, bank and marine insurance stock—and receive for sale, on commission, or on storage, Flour and Wet and Dry Goods.——All business with which they may be entrusted will be executed with the utmost punctuality and dispatch.

HENRY & THOMAS MOORE.

December 31, '99 ep6m.

## ABEL WILLIS
HAS FOR SALE

1 Pipe of French Brandy, 4th proof
60 Barrels of New York prime Pork
200 Bushels of best Lisbon Salt
6 Bales of fresh, soft shelled Almonds
20 Frails of fresh Figs,

ALSO.

Green grapes by the jar, raisins by the cask and box, olives by the jar, Lisbon oranges by the box, lemons, fresh rice, a fresh assortment of Teas, filberts, and a number of other fruits and groceries—all of which he will sell low

## Commission, Ship Broker
AND
## Conveyancer's Office,
*In the Brick House, near the Bank, opposite Printing-Office of Mr. Price.*

FROM a view of the new Navigation and Revenue Laws of the United States, I have been encouraged to open the above Office, from a belief that the said laws require more attention than persons in general concerned in trade and navigation will find convenient to pay them, in order to avoid incurring the penalties inflicted for not complying with the requisitions thereof. Where every form and instrument of writing appertaining to shipping, entry, clearance, imports, exports, excise, drawbacks and debentures, required by the laws of the United States and the officers of the government may be had. I have also taken such steps as will, in a short time, insure me accurate information respecting the restrictions on our trade in foreign countries, and particularly at such foreign port or place where an American consul or agent may reside, with the formalities necessary to be observed, and the fees, duties, &c. payable thereat.

VINCENT GRAY.

Alexandria, February 25, 1800.

## REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his Store from Prince to Fairfax Street, where he offers

FOR SALE,
*A variety of*
## Seasonable Goods,
CONSISTING OF

Coarse and fine cloths
Kerseymeres and swansdowns
Flannels, baizes, and coatings
Blankets and blanketing
Velvets, thicksets, and corduroys
Worsted, cotton, and silk hose
Stuffs, calicoes, and chintzes
Plain, japanned, and tamboared muslins
Shawls and handkerchiefs
Silks and ribbons assorted
Irish and German linens
Ostrich and bunch feathers
A general assortment of Gloves
White beads and umbrellas
Shoes and hats
Loaf sugar

*An elegant assortment of*
WATCHES AND JEWELLERY.
*as usual*,
And a variety of other articles.

ALSO
## A Forte Piano,
a little out of repair, to be sold very low.

A. C. CAZENOVE.

December 21.

## George Clementson

HAS REMAINING ON HAND THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

80 Doz. scythes, common and German, from 46 to 54 inches
6 Boxes hardware, consisting of table knives and forks, pocket and pen knives, women's scissors, razors cases, curry, combs, White Chapel needles, &c.
10 Bundles garden spades
2 Do. Frying pans
6 Casks sad irons assorted
1 Bale Whitehaven osnaburgs
2 Boxes brown Hollands
6 Pieces stout 5-4 white sheetings
1 Box 7-8 calicoes
1 Do. coloured threads
1 Do. fine hats
20 Kegs white paint
20 Barrels brown sugar

A few reams writing paper, and
A few dozen common leather gloves,

Which he will dispose of on reasonable terms, for Cash or approved Notes; or he will barter the whole, or any part, for Tobacco of the upper Inspections. Apply at his dwelling house, on St. Asaph Street.

February 2. tf

WILL BE SOLD
*ON THE FIRST OF MAY NEXT*,
NINE HUNDRED & FIFTY EIGHT ACRES

## Good Farming Land,

IN Prince William County, Virginia, lying on the waters of Broad Run, about 30 miles from Alexandria, and 15 from Dumfries. It is unnecessary to say any thing of the improvements on the land, as those who are inclined to purchase it is presumeable will first view the property. One half the purchase money will be required on the day of sale, the remainder in 12 months.

B. DULANY, Jun.

December 28.

## Mount-Vernon Fishery.

THE Subscriber intends carrying on the above Fishery for the Season, at the mouth of Dogue Creek, by running two Seines constantly by proper hands employed thereat.

He therefore takes the liberty of informing the public, (as well as the former customers to this Fishery) that he is determined to sell Shad and Herring from the Seine on as low terms as any other in the neighbourhood.

☞ Cash, Wheat, Rye, or Corn, at the Alexandria market price, will be accepted in payment.

JAMES ANDERSON.

Mount-Vernon, March 10, 1800. 8w

## Fruit Trees For Sale.

*The subscriber has for Sale at his Nursery, near the Mall.*

A LARGE assortment of Grafted Fruit Trees of every kind, the catalogue may be seen by applying at his Nursery.—Also, Lombardy Poplar, and other ornamental trees.—A variety of Shrubs and Roots, a few thousand Thorns fit to plant hedges; Asparagus plants, garden seeds—Also a quantity of different Flowers, with and without pots.

PETER BILLIE.

March 20. 3t.

## FEDERALIST,
(got by St. George)
NOW IN HIGH PERFECTION,

WILL stand the ensuing season at Mr. E. Washington's smith's shop, on Tuesdays and Wednesdays—at Mr. John Stewart's tavern (near Mr. Rickets's mill) on Thursdays and Fridays, and at the subscriber's stable on Saturdays, and Mondays, to cover mares at the moderate price of FIVE DOLLARS; which may be discharged by the payment of FOUR in the season, which will commence on the first day of April, and end on the 25th July. Federalist was got by old imported St. George, and came out of a thorough bred mare which was got by imported Eclipse—his grand-dam by Nonpareille—his great-grand-dam by the old imported Jolly Roger. The appearance of the horse denotes strength and activity. Therefore it is unnecessary to say more of him.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ALSO

## A Stout Young Jack,

(got by the old Knight of Malta) which will stand at the subscriber's stable, the ensuing season, and cover mares at the moderate price of SIX DOLLARS.

DANIEL M'C. CHICHESTER.

March 18. 7w1aw.

## Turnpike Roads.

THE Commissioners of the Turnpike Roads are desired to meet at Gadsby's Tavern, in Alexandria, on the 3d day of next month, to consider of a proposal made by Loudoun County Court, for building a new Bridge across Broad Run, and to change the situation to a more convenient spot for crossing said Run, choosing a Treasurer, &c.

Those who have claims will please to call on Gurden Chapin, Cashier of the Bank of Alexandria, who has money to pay as far as the beginning of the 12th month of 1796.

By order of Presly Gunnell, Com'r.
W. HARTSHORNE, late Treas'r.

Alexandria, 3d mo. 1800.

## Just Published,
*And for Sale, at*
## Cottom & Stewart's
BOOK-STORE,
## FUNERAL DIRGE,
Played by the
ALEXANDRIA BAND,
At the Funeral of
*GENERAL WASHINGTON*,
Adapted for the Harpsichord—Price 25 Cents.

February 18. 4t

## Lands for Sale, or exchange for other Property.

SEVEN hundred and eighty-eight acres in the county of Hampshire, on the waters of Great Cape Capon, about 20 miles from the Warm Springs, and 30 from Winchester.—This land is full of wood, oak and Pine Timber. Two excellent farms may be made, with 30 to 50 acres of bottom, and rich high lands to each; and in the heart of the timber there is a fine seat for a saw-mill. Capt. Daniel Rice will shew the lands.

Three thousand eight hundred and forty-five acres in the county of Ohio, on the waters of Grave and Fish creeks, near the river Ohio, and about 80 miles below Pittsburg. Some of these lands are very good, with considerable quantities of rich bottom, and plenty of excellent timber. Robert Woods, Esq. the Surveyor of that county, will shew these lands.

One hundred seventy six and three-fourths acres, within three miles of the Warm Springs, upon Great Cape-Capon, near its mouth, and within ¼ of a mile of the River Potomak. This land has about 70 to 80 acres of rich bottom, mostly in cultivation, with 274 fine *sugar trees* on it; from which, I am informed, there may be made 3000lb. of good sugar annually. There is also a seat for grist and saw mills on it, equal to any in that neighbourhood, and upon a never failing stream of water. The upland is rich, with plenty of timber, and part under cultivation. This farm is well improved with a good orchard, houses and fencing, and rented last year for produce equal to sixty pounds per an. Mr. Joseph Butler, at the Warm Springs, will shew it. I will sell all, or any of the above lands for cash, or upon credit, or take in exchange for them lands in Fairfax County, or Lots of land in the town of Alexandria, or the city of Washington.

R. T. HOOE.

Jan. 25. 1800. tf

TO LET,
## A House on Fairfax-Street,
and another on Water Street. Apply for terms to JAMES KENNEDY, jun.

March 25.

## PETER HEISKELL,
AT THE SIGN OF
GEN. WASHINGTON ON HORSEBACK,
*Corner of King and Pitt Streets, Alexandria*,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he has opened a Tavern at the above place, and is provided with a stock of the BEST LIQUORS, and every other article requisite in his line of business. He has in his employ an Ostler, who is much esteemed in that line, and is also considered as being an excellent Farrier.

From the experience which he has had as Innkeeper, during his long residence in Staunton, he flatters himself in the confidence of pleasing those who may favor him with their custom, and pledges himself to use every endeavour to give general satisfaction.

He keeps, on hire, for the accommodation of the Public, a Coachee, with good horses and a careful Driver—also an excellent Riding-Horse.

A Line of Stages runs from this House to George-Town, Baltimore and Philadelphia, every morning, and arrives from said places every evening.

December 18. tf

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
## William P. Bayly, & Co.
Carried on in Stafford County, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; all persons having any claims against said Copartnership, are requested to bring them forward for settlement with William P. Bayly, who will attend at Aquia for that purpose. It is expected that all those indebted to them will come forward and discharge their respective balances.

PIERCE BAYLY.
WILLIAM P. BAYLY.

March 17.

The business in future will be carried on at Aquia, by the subscribers, who will keep up a general assortment of DRY GOODS, which we are determined to sell at the most reduced prices for Cash, or Country Produce, for which we will allow generous prices.

WILLIAM P. BAYLY.
JOHN BAYLY.

March 18. 3t

## In future I shall attend the
High Court of Chancery as well as the Court of Appeals.

BEN. BOTTS.

February 28.

## John Duffey,
*At his Comb Manufactory, Fairfax-street, has just received an assortment of*
## Sword and other Canes,
*Also some neat*
## SWITCH WHIPS.

## For Sale,

A Negro Man and his Wife, for a term of years—Also, a Negro Boy, about 12 years of age. The man is accustomed to gardening and taking care of horses.

N. B. A quantity of Cord Wood for Sale.

For farther particulars apply to the Printer of the Columbian Mirror.

March 15. 3w1w

☞ NOTICE.

IF JAMES THOMPSON, the Son of James and Catharine Thompson, (or the heirs of his body, if they be living) will apply to the Subscriber, in Charles County, State of Maryland, he or they will hear of something to his or their advantage, by the death of his Mother and Brother. The aforesaid James Thompson's Father died some years past, after which his Mother married a certain James Wood.

JOHN MARSHALL.

March 10. 4t

## Andrew & W'm Ramsay
HAVE IMPORTED,
In the Perseverance, from London, lately arrived at Baltimore,
## The following Goods,
Which they are now opening, at their Warehouse, King-Street:

Brown Rolls in Bales
British osnaburgs in do.
German do. in do.
Cotton and linen checks in cases
Dowlas in do.
Irish linen in do.
Brown do. in do.
Diaper cloths in do.
Russia sheeting in bales
Best London superfine cloths & cassimers in trunks

A few double and single barrelled guns and pistols, with mahogany cases and apparatus complete, equal, if not superior, to any ever imported into this country;

All of which they will dispose of on moderate terms, for Cash or short Credit.

They expect a further supply of Goods by the first arrivals from London. tf

January 26.

ALEXANDRIA:
Printed every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday,
BY
ELLIS PRICE.